

ICME with ModelCenter

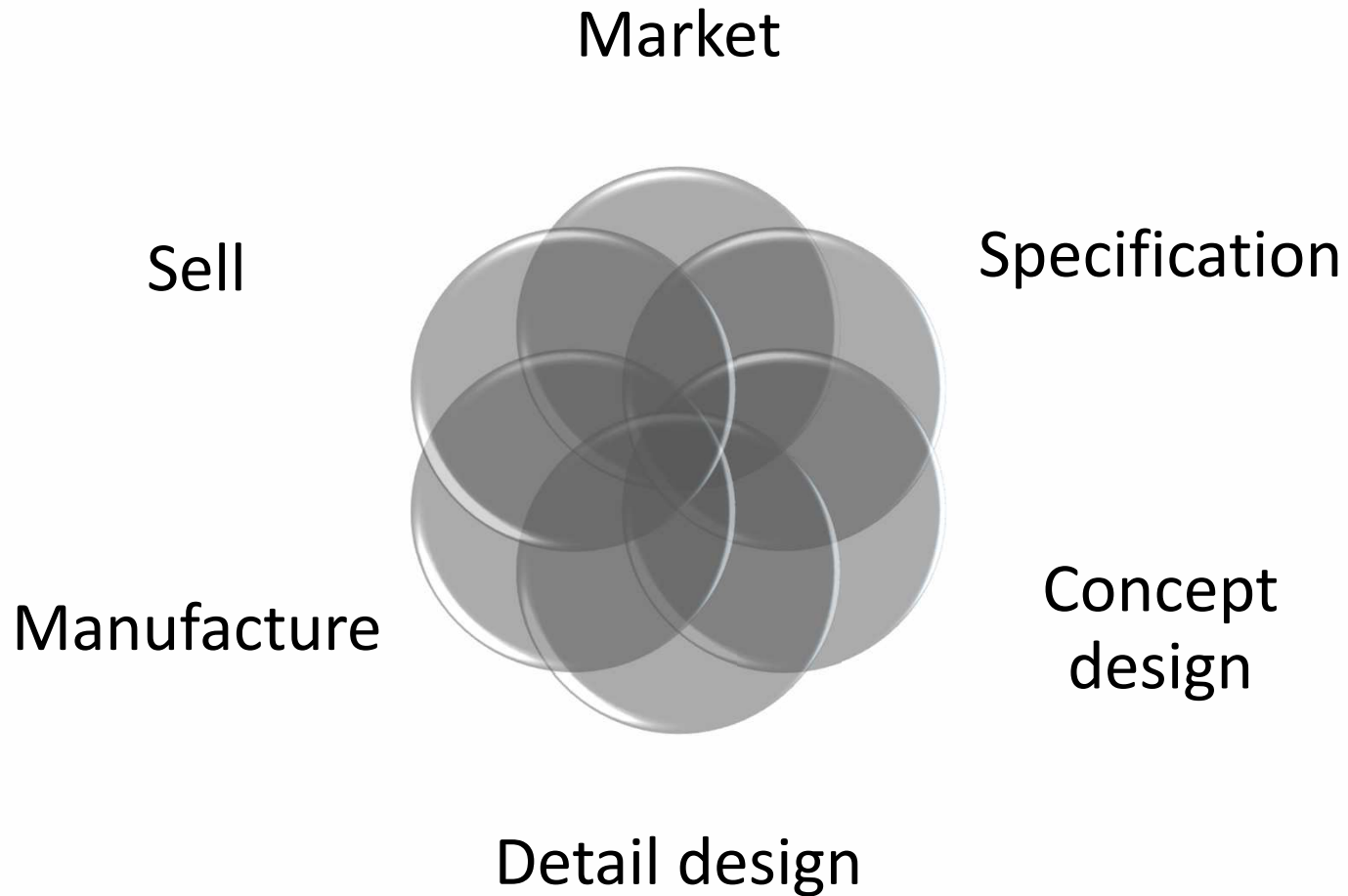
Alan Arico
Phoenix Integration
V1.0 R1



PHOENIX
INTEGRATION

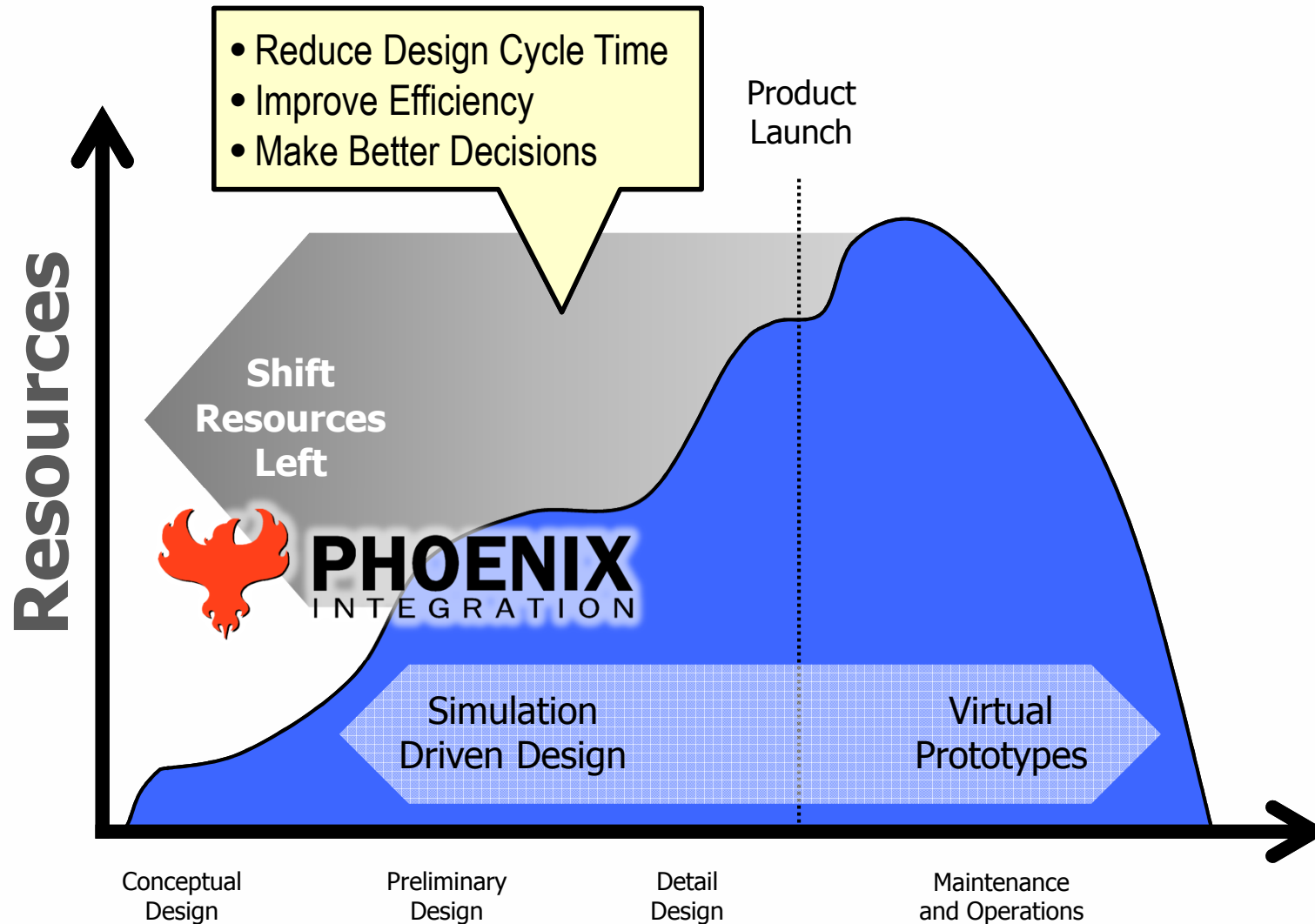
DESIGNPROCESSOPTIMIZATION





ModelCenter

Industry Trends

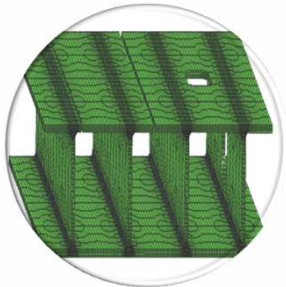


- Empower Design for Manufacturing (DFM)
 - Enables engineers to understand how a product is designed to function, how it is manufactured, and how it fails at the limits of performance
- ICME – Integrated Computational Materials Engineering
 - “the integration of materials information, captured in computational tools, with engineering and product performance analysis and manufacturing process simulation” (National Research Council 2008b)

Business Challenges



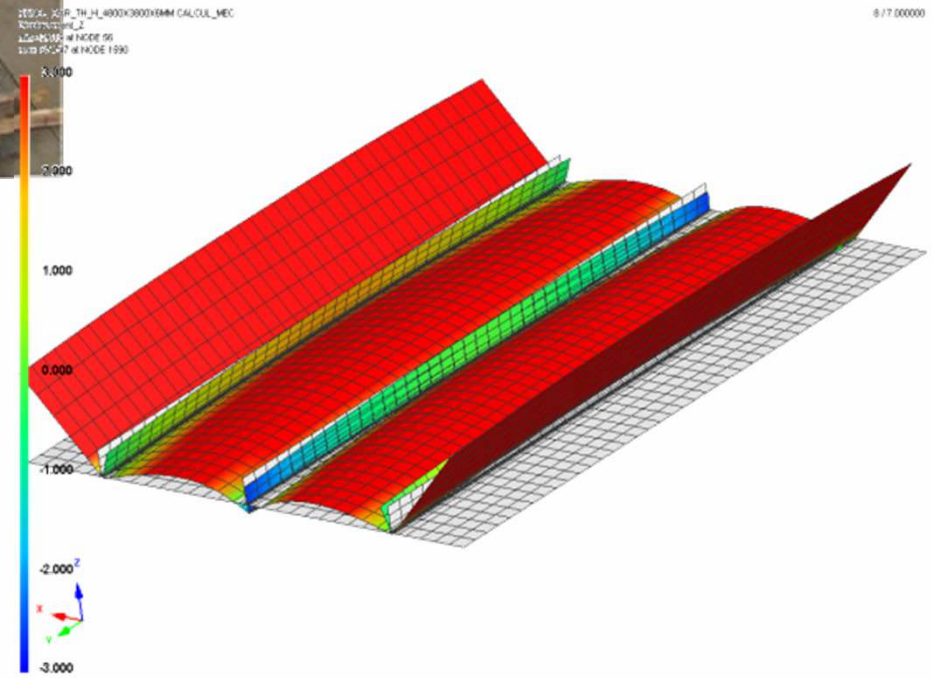
Designs are validated “as designed” as opposed to “as manufactured”



CAE typically takes a reactive role in Product design



Each discipline exists in its own silo



Design as Manufactured - Welding

What Is Weld Distortion?

- “Due to local heating and cooling during welding, complex thermal stresses occur during welding; and residual stress and distortion result after welding.”
- These local residual stresses build until enough force is created to permanently deform the structure.



What are the Benefits of Predicting Weld Distortion?

- Better Planning
 - Software Tools can provide accurate distortion predictions.
 - Lead to Less Weld Distortion → Less Repair → Less Costs

Less Costs = Opportunity to Build More Parts = Higher Profits

- Why Are Software Tools Not Used Everywhere Today?
 - Current Tools Are **NOT** Intuitive (easy to use), nor provide a clear path to minimize distortion.

Basically... Today's tools require a dedicated analyst to utilize.

- Unrealistic Expectation & Lack of Trust
 - If the analyst says the part should distort 1", it better distort 1"

What are the Benefits of Predicting Weld Distortion?

- What is the Answer?
 1. Simplify the Models (Use the 80% Rule To Solve Majority of Problems – Not all welding and distortion problems).
 2. Provide a Wizard to Drive the Process
 3. Utilize ModelCenter to Drive Best Weld Sequence to Minimize Distortion.
 4. Incorporate new weld sequences into manufacturing process.
 5. Ensure feedback between engineering and manufacturing so process continually improves.

Example with Phoenix Integration ModelCenter

1 Build Automated Workflows

2 Execute Multiple Runs

Sensitivity Analysis
Stochastic Analysis
Optimization

Phoenix Integration ModelCenter

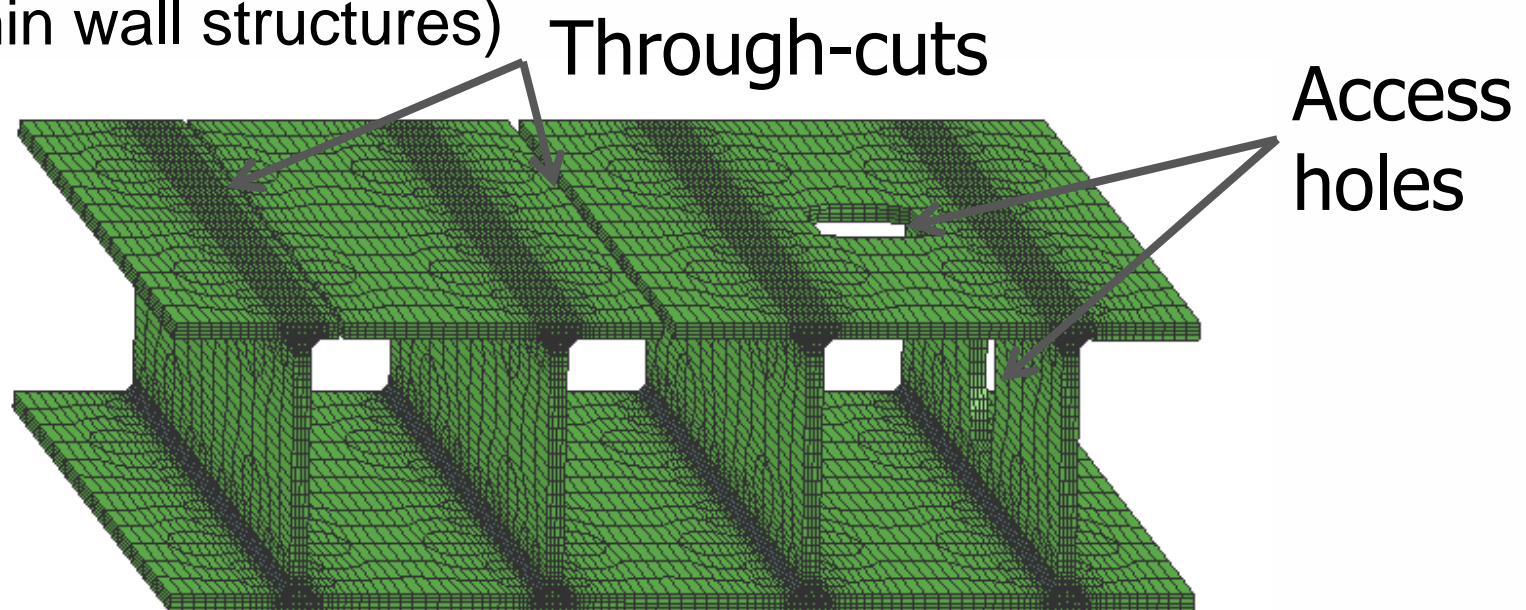
ESI NA Weld Planner

3 Evaluate Trade-Offs

Minimize Weld Distortion Through Sequence Optimization

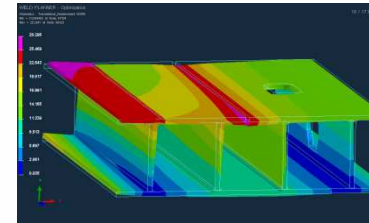
Simple Demonstrator

- ESI WeldPlanner simulation
 - Steel Structure with Stiffening plates
 - Weld Sequence Optimization
 - 3D Elements (Can also be done with 2D Elements for thin wall structures)

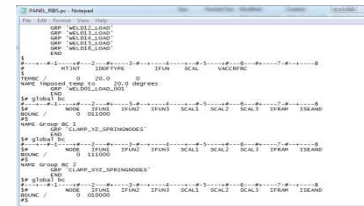


Simple Demonstrator

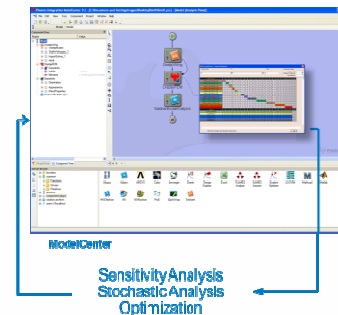
- ESI Weld Planner Model File Is Passed to Phoenix Integration ModelCenter
- Sensitivity Analysis Is Completed to Determine Worst Weld Paths
- Stochastic-Optimization Sequence is Created and Run to Minimize Distortion
- Results Provide Plot Of Outliers and Best Discovered Sequence



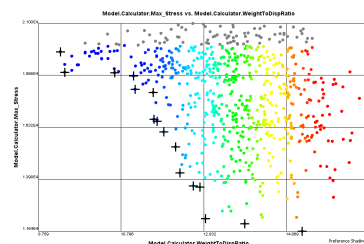
Weld Planner Results



Weld Planner Model File



ModelCenter Sensitivity, Stochastic-Optimization



Optimal Sequence Established

Results

- 72 Permutations were created and run.
- Each Permutation are Variations in Sequence
- Max Distortion is Calculated throughout each permutation.
- Results are gathered and Sorted Based On Max Distortion.
- Final Sequence is Provided
- New Sequence Resulted in **17% Reduction in Distortion**

indep	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend	depend
11	2	6	5	1	9	10	13	16	33.71946			
10	2	6	1	5	9	10	13	16	33.36781			
9	2	5	6	1	9	10	13	16	31.6919			
23	6	5	2	1	9	10	13	16	31.37589			
59	1	2	5	6	9	10	13	16	29.82107			
49	1	2	5	6	9	10	13	16	29.70996			
13	5	1	6	2	9	10	13	16	29.1893			
2	1	5	2	6	9	10	13	16	29.10808			
3	1	5	6	2	9	10	13	16	28.17705			
4	1	6	2	5	9	10	13	16	28.15972			
5	1	6	5	2	9	10	13	16	28.02104			

**Worst Sequence
Highest Distortion**

**Each Row Represe
A Permutation a.k.
A New Sequence**

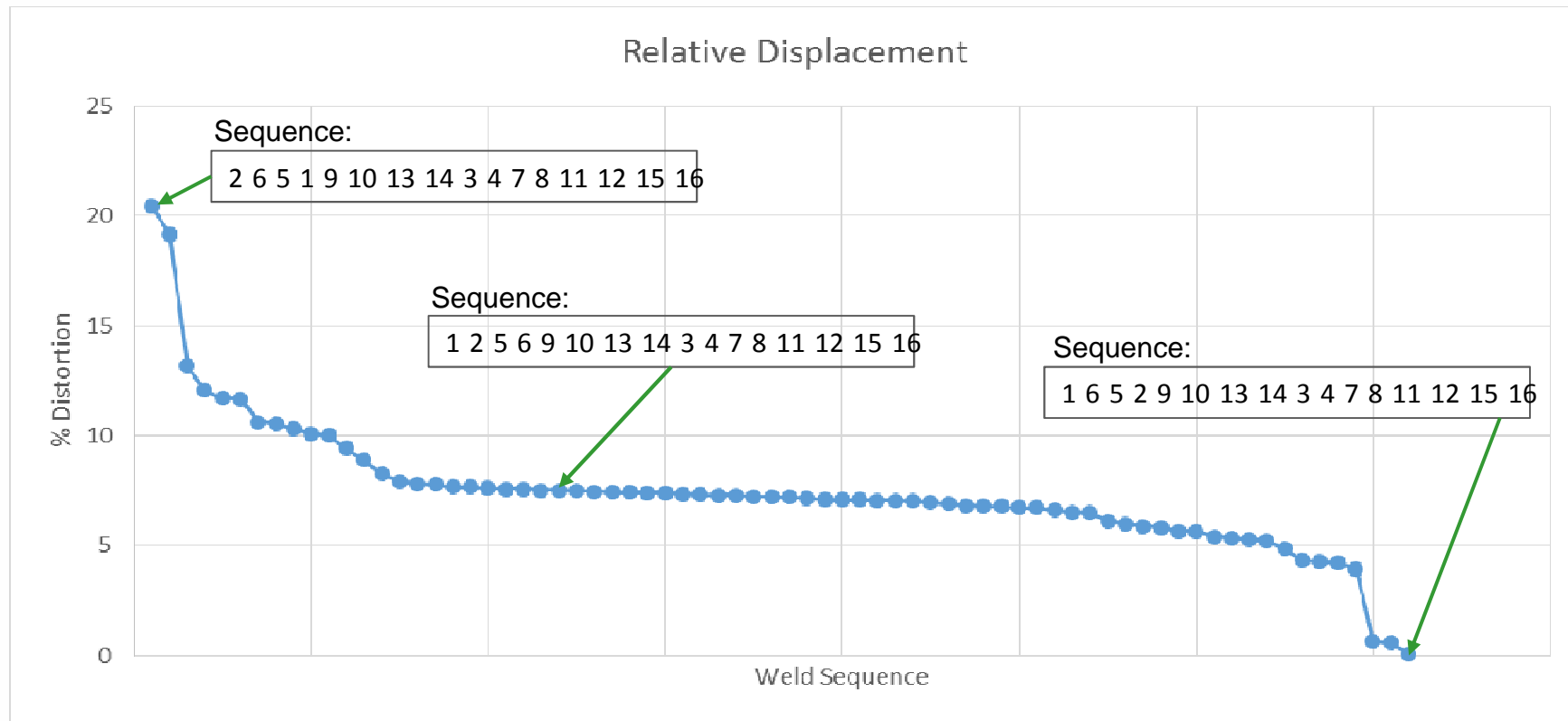
**Best Sequence
Lowest Distortion**

Weld Sequences

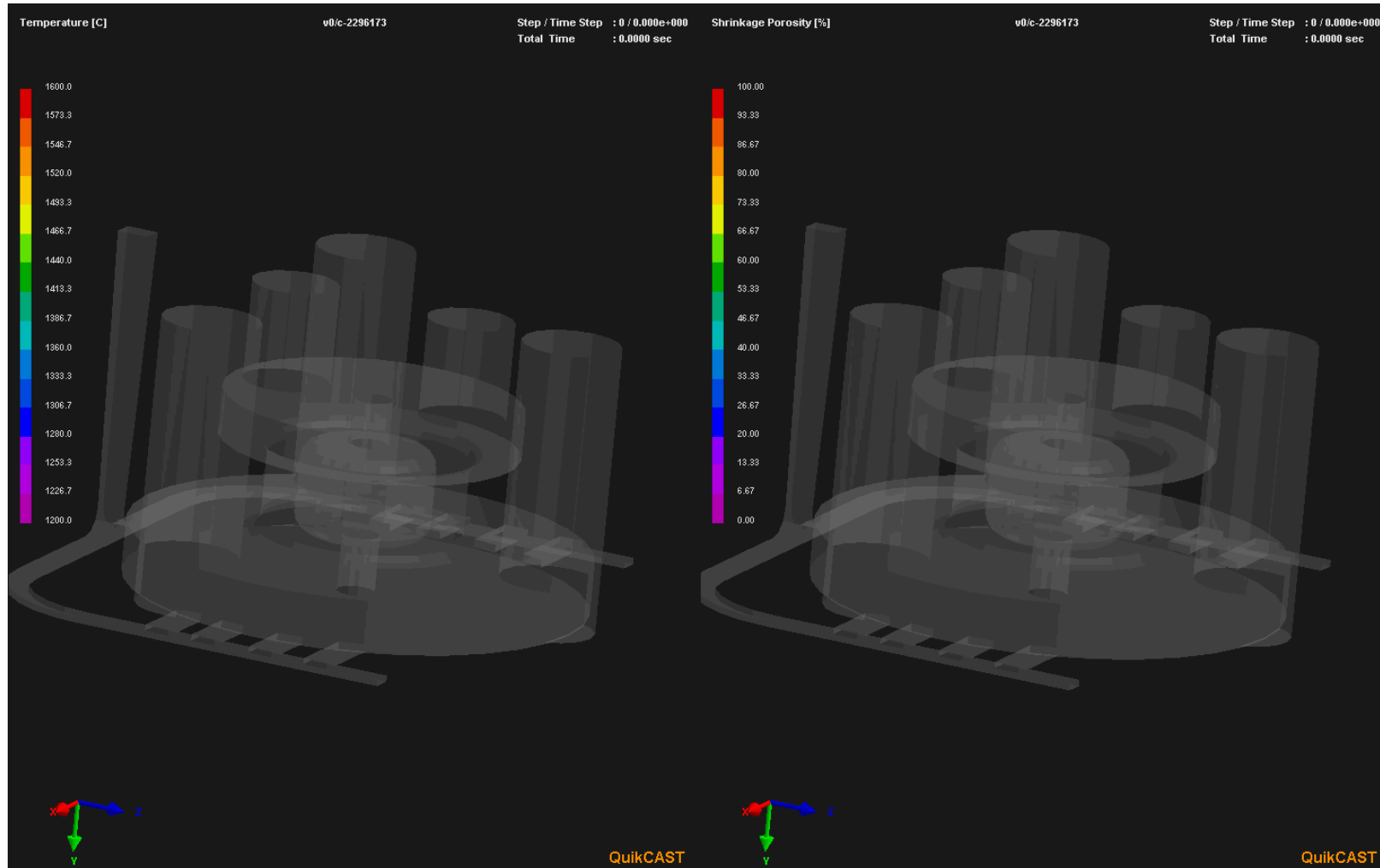
Blocking

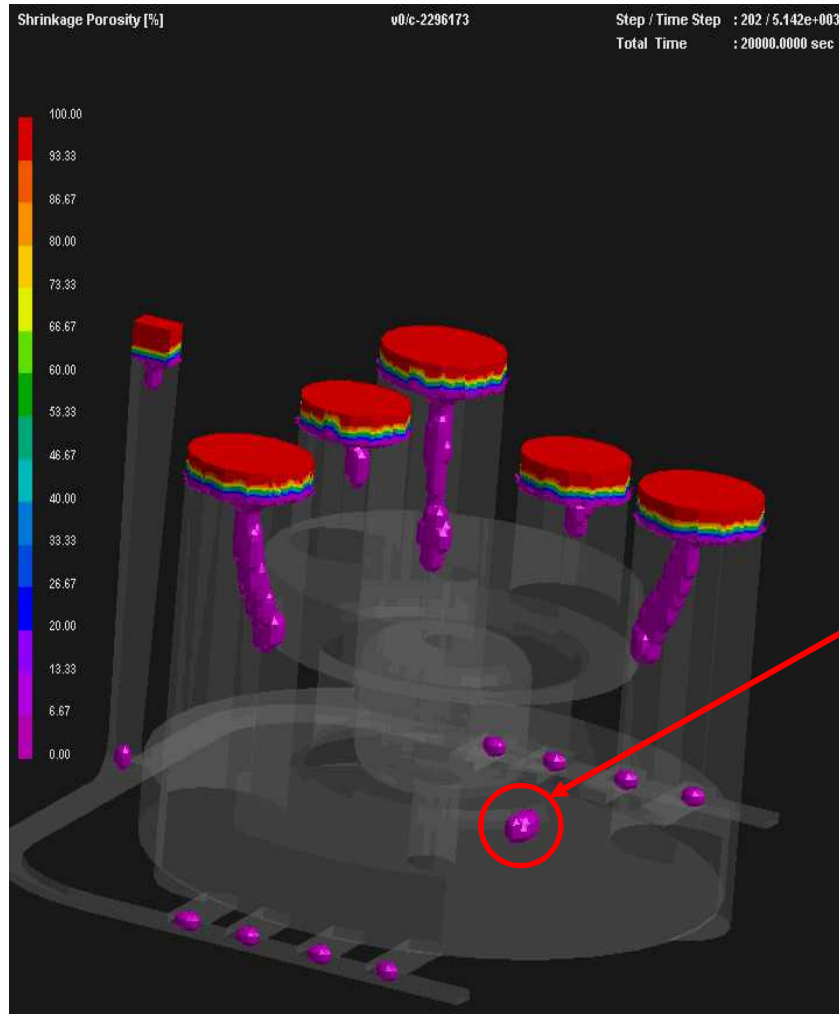
Not All 72 Sequences Are Shown

Weld Sequence Optimization



All 72 Permutations (Sequences) are Shown





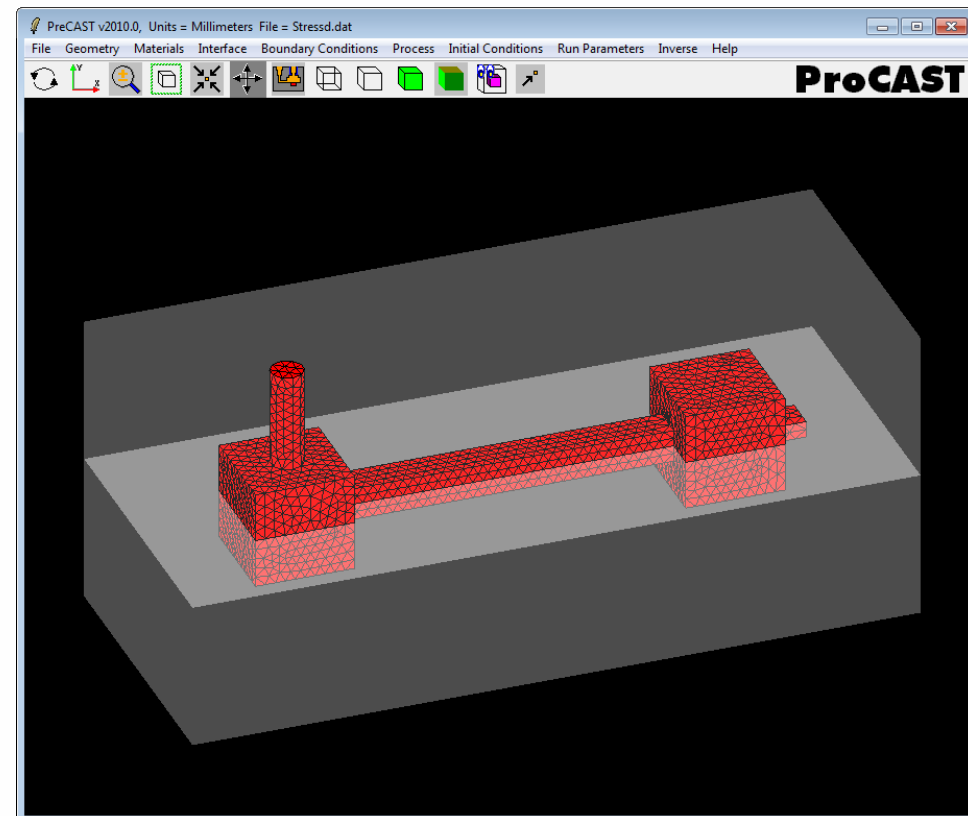
Courtesy:

ACI Alloy Casting

Design as Manufactured - Casting

ProCAST

- Simulates the casting process
 - Given geometry, materials and a casting process, ProCAST can predict the material behavior during the steps of the casting process
- What happens if you don't like the result?
 - Utilize human expertise to manually try alternate solutions



Model Setup

Probabilistic Analysis Tool

basic

Design Variables

Name	Distribution
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_41_thickness	Normal Mean: 2.3924 StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_42_thickness	Normal Mean: 1.558... StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_46_thickness	Normal Mean: 3.914... StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_48_thickness	Normal Mean: 1.72 StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_44_thickness	Normal Mean: 2.06 StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.MAT1E	LogNormal Mean: 207000 StdDev: 5% <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.MAT2E	LogNormal Mean: 207000 StdDev: 5% <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_40_thickness	Normal Mean: 1.4 StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.PSHELL.shell_62_thickness	Normal Mean: 1.94 StdDev: 1% Low: High: <>

Responses

Name	Response Levels
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.disp5	Bounds: Lower: Upper: 60 <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.stress51	Bounds: Lower: Upper: 700 <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.stress12	Bounds: Lower: Upper: 200 <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.stress21	Bounds: Lower: Upper: 200 <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.stress22	Bounds: Lower: Upper: 200 <>
Model.ProbabilisticAnalysis.Nastran.stress52	Bounds: Lower: Upper: 700 <>

Method

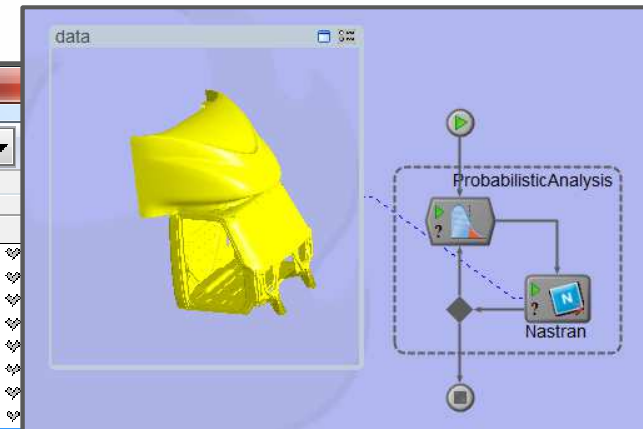
NESSUS Hybrid AMV+ - MAIS Choose... Number of Runs:

Status

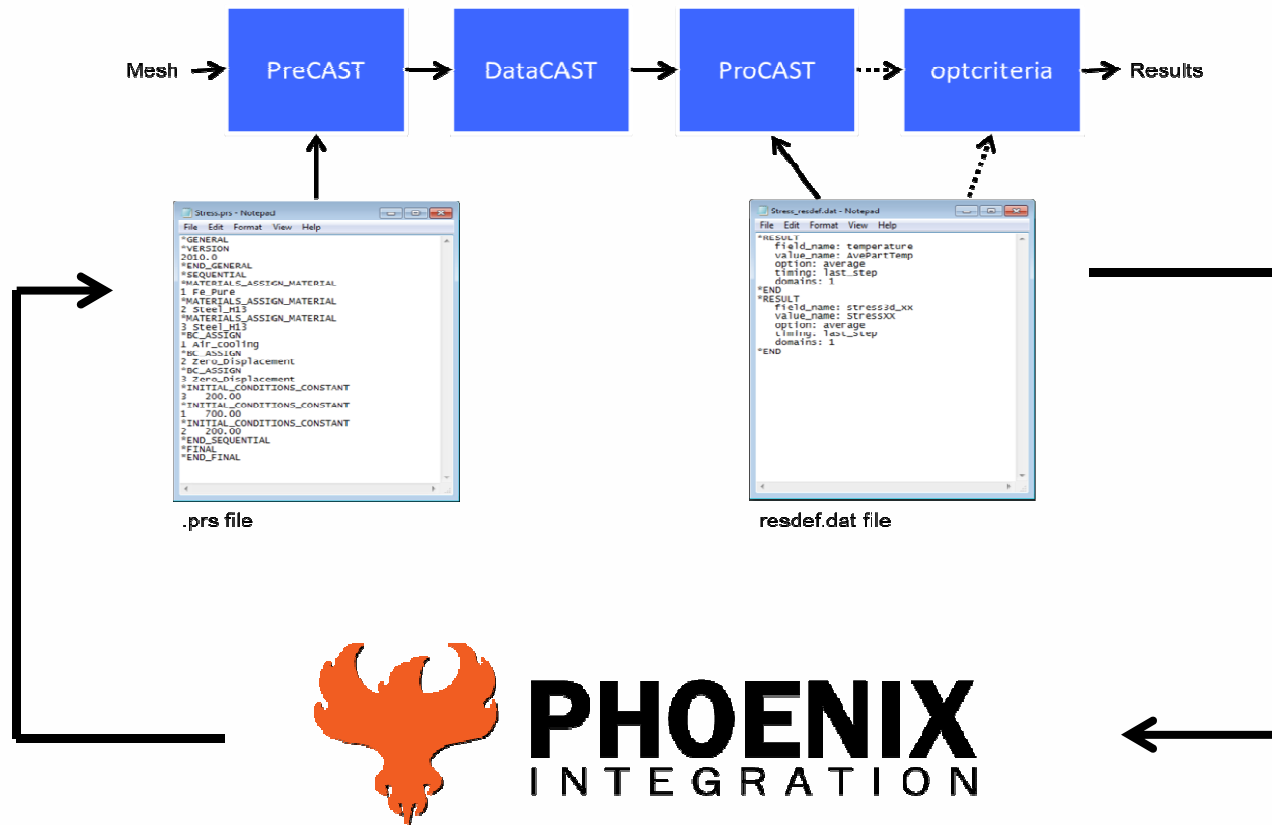
Ready View Output...

Show More ▾

OK Add to Existing Data Explorer Validate All Run... Options Help

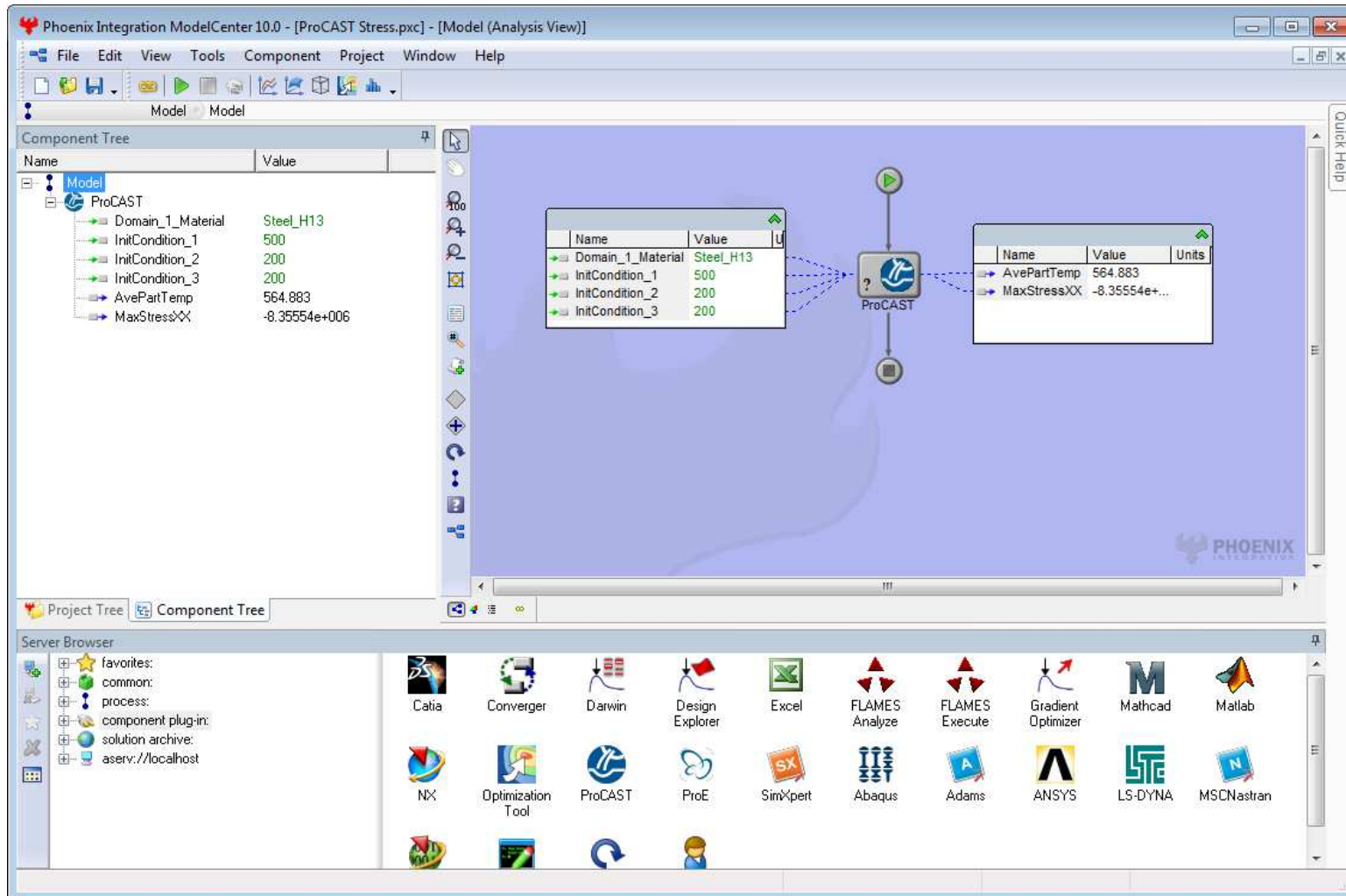


Automating ProCAST


PHOENIX
 INTEGRATION

Sensitivity Analysis
 Design of Experiments
 Optimization
 Robust Design

ModelCenter



Design Optimization

- Run virtual experiments
 - Run ProCAST 10's, 100's, or even 1000's of times in an automated fashion
- Trade Study Types:
 - Sensitivity
 - Design of Experiments
 - Optimization
 - Probabilistics

Variables

Model	
ProCAST	
Domain_1_Material	Steel_H13
InitCondition_1	700
InitCondition_2	200
InitCondition_3	200
AvePartTemp	564.883
MaxStress	-8.35554e+006

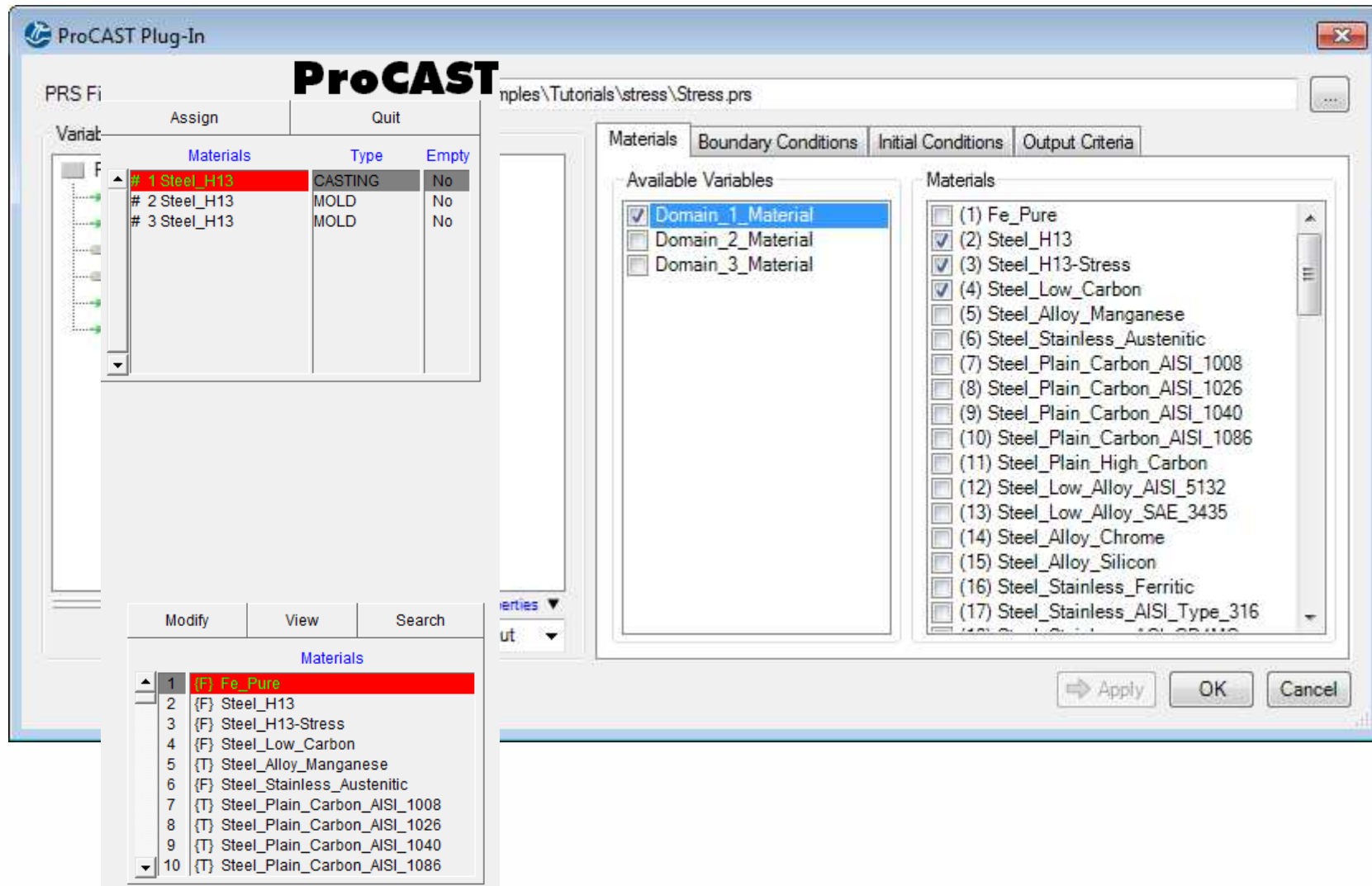
ProCAST

Assign		Quit	
Materials	Type	Empty	
# 1 Steel_H13	CASTING	No	No
# 2 Steel_H13	MOLD	No	No
# 3 Steel_H13	MOLD	No	No

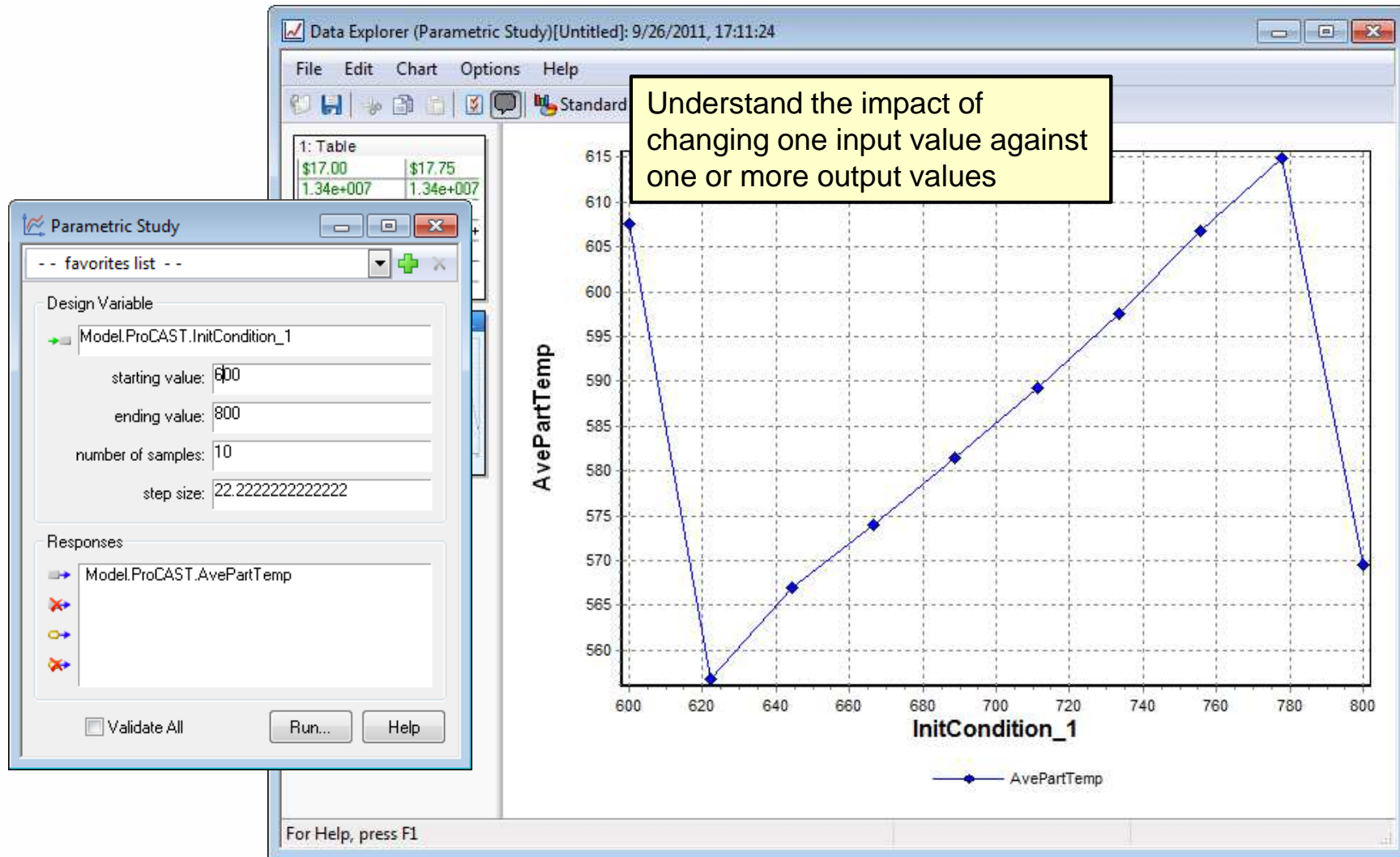
Store		Quit	
Materials	Temperature	C	
# 1 Steel_H13	800.00		
# 2 Steel_H13	200.00		
# 3 Steel_H13	200.00		

Modify	View	Search
Materials		
1	{F} Fe_Pure	
2	{F} Steel_H13	
3	{F} Steel_H13-Stress	
4	{F} Steel_Low_Carbon	
5	{T} Steel_Alloy_Manganese	
6	{F} Steel_Stainless_Austenitic	
7	{T} Steel_Plain_Carbon_AISI_1008	
8	{T} Steel_Plain_Carbon_AISI_1026	
9	{T} Steel_Plain_Carbon_AISI_1040	
10	{T} Steel_Plain_Carbon_AISI_1086	

ProCAST Plug-In for ModelCenter



Parametric Studies



Industry Consortia

- LIFT (ALMII)
- America Makes (NAMI)
- IACMI
- MAI – HOW5
- Power America



LIFT Industry Partners

Special Thanks

- ESI: Tony Davenport/Brian Shula – Welding Simulation
- ESI: Sam Scott – Casting Simulation